

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Applicant has enclosed a Substitute Specification. The specification has been amended to comply with PTO format requirements by including section headings and paragraph numbers as well as the priority claim. Enclosed are both a marked-up copy of the specification and a clean copy of the Substitute Specification.

Please insert the following as the new first paragraph in the application.

**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION**

This is a 371 National Phase application of International Application No. PCT/GB2003/004589 filed on 22 October 2003 which claims priority to application Serial No. GB 0308264.1 filed on 10 April 2003.

1. A method for recovering a data repository from a failure affecting a primary copy of the data repository, including the steps of:

maintaining a secondary copy of data sufficient to recover the primary copy of the data repository and data items held thereon;

in response to a failure affecting the primary copy of the data repository, recreating a primary copy of the data repository from the secondary copy; [[and]]

using a restore process to restore data items to the primary copy from the secondary copy within a recovery unit of work, wherein data items restored to the primary copy of the data repository within the recovery unit of work are made inaccessible to processes other than the restore process until commit of the recovery unit of work;

prior to commit of the recovery unit of work, configuring the primary copy of the data repository to enable addition of data items to the data repository independent of said restore step and to enable processes other than the restore process to retrieve said independently added data items; and

in response to successful completion of the restore step, committing the recovery unit of work including releasing said inaccessibility of the restored data.

2. [[A]] The method according to claim 1, wherein maintaining the secondary data copy comprises storing a backup copy of the data repository and storing log records describing updates to the primary copy performed since the backup copy was stored; wherein recreating the primary copy of the data repository includes the step of copying data repository definitions from the backup copy and applying the definitions to recreate the primary copy; and wherein restoring data items to the primary copy comprises copying data items from the backup copy and replaying the log records to identify and reapply updates to the primary copy.

3. [[A]] The method according to claim 1, wherein maintaining the secondary data copy includes storing log records that describe updates to the primary copy, and wherein the step of restoring the primary copy of the repository includes the steps of:

replaying the log records of operations performed on data items within the primary copy of the data repository[.,,];

caching log records relating to operations performed under syncpoint control within an original unit of work[.,,];

determining from the cached log records the state of the original units of work at the time of the failure[.,,]; and

determining which of said syncpoint-controlled operations to perform within the recovery unit of work based on the determined state of the original units of work.

4. [[A]] The method according to claim 3, including performing operations within the recovery unit of work in accordance with the following procedure:

if the original unit of work was committed before the failure, performing the relevant operations of the committed unit of work;

if the original unit of work was in-doubt when the failure occurred, performing the relevant operations of the in-doubt unit of work but marking the operations in-doubt; and

if the original unit of work is neither committed nor in-doubt, discarding the cached operations.

5. [[A]] The method according to claim 3, including discarding from the recovery unit of work any pairs of addition and deletion operations that comprise an addition of a data item to the primary copy of the data repository and a deletion of the same data item from the primary copy of the data repository, on condition that said addition and deletion operations were performed and committed before the failure.

6. [[A]] The method according to Claim 5 ~~any one of the preceding claims~~, wherein the data repository is a message repository and the step of restoring data to the primary copy of the data repository comprises performing message add, update and delete operations on the message repository.

7. [[A]] The method according to claim 6, for performance within a messaging communication system, wherein maintaining the secondary data copy includes storing log records to describe updates to the primary copy, and wherein the step of restoring data to the primary copy of the repository includes the steps of caching log records relating to message add, update and delete operations performed under syncpoint control within an original unit of work, determining from the log records the state of the original unit of work at the time of the failure, and determining the operations to perform within the recovery unit of work based on the determined state of the original unit of work as follows:

if the original unit of work is committed, performing the relevant message add, update and delete operations; and

if the original unit of work is in-doubt, performing the relevant message add, update and delete operations but marking the operations in-doubt; and

if the original unit of work is neither committed nor in-doubt, discarding the cached operations.

8. [[A]] The method according to Claim 1 ~~any one of the preceding claims~~, wherein data restored to the primary copy of the repository within the recovery unit of work is made inaccessible by setting a flag for each data item restored to the data repository, the flag indicating that the data item is not accessible.

9. [[A]] The method according to claim 8, wherein the flag indicates a transactional state of the data item and wherein a process for retrieving data items from the repository is adapted to identify one or more predefined transactional states as inaccessible.

10. [[A]] The method according to ~~claim 8 or~~ claim 9, wherein the flag comprises a byte value of a distinctive primary key allocated to the data item when the data item is restored to the data repository, the byte value being selected from a range of values indicative of the transactional state of the data item.

11. [[A]] The method according to ~~any one of claims 8 to~~ Claim 10, wherein the step of setting a flag comprises:

setting a first flag for any data item for which the latest operation performed on the data item prior to the failure was a committed add operation which is to be restored to the data repository within the recovery unit of work; and

setting a second flag for any data item for which the latest operation performed on the data item prior to the failure was an in-doubt add or delete operation which is to be restored to the data repository within the recovery unit of work.

12. [[A]] The method according to claim 11, wherein the first flag comprises a byte value of a data item key selected from a first range of byte values representing a first transactional state and the second flag comprises a byte value of a data item key selected from a second range of byte values representing a second transactional state.

13. A data communication system including:

data storage for storing a primary copy of a data repository;

secondary data storage for storing a secondary copy of data representing the data repository which secondary data is sufficient to recover the primary copy of the data repository and data held thereon;

a recovery component for controlling the operation of the data communication system to recover from a failure affecting the primary copy of the data repository, wherein the recovery component is operable to control the data communication system to perform the steps of:

recreating a primary copy of the data repository from the secondary copy; and

using a restore process to restore data items to the primary copy from the secondary copy within a recovery unit of work, wherein data items restored to the primary copy of the data repository within the recovery unit of work are made inaccessible to processes other than the restore process until commit of the recovery unit of work;

prior to commit of the recovery unit of work, configuring the primary copy of the data repository to enable addition of data items to the data repository independent of said restore step and to enable processes other than the restore process to retrieve said independently added data items; and

in response to successful completion of the restore step, committing the recovery unit of work including releasing said inaccessibility of the restored data.

14. [[A]] The data communication system according to Claim 13, comprising a data communication system for transferring messages between a sender and a receiver, wherein messages are held in the data repository following a message send operation by the sender and the messages are subsequently retrieved from the data repository for delivery to the receiver, and wherein a backup copy of the data repository is created and log records are written to record message send and message retrieval events since creation of the backup copy, wherein the recovery component is adapted to control the data communication system to perform the following steps:

in response to a failure affecting the data repository, restoring messages to the data repository by reference to the backup copy of the data repository which backup copy was created prior to the failure;

prior to completion of the recovery processing, configuring the data repository to enable new messages to be added to the data repository and retrieved therefrom without awaiting completion of the recovery processing; and

reapplying updates to the data repository corresponding to message send and message retrieval operations performed prior to the failure, by reference to log records created prior to the failure;

wherein the steps of restoring messages to the data repository and reapplying updates to the data repository by reference to the backup copy and log records are performed within a recovery unit of work and the restored messages and reapplied updates are made inaccessible until all data repository updates corresponding to send and retrieve operations performed prior to the failure have been reapplied to the data repository.

15. A computer program product comprising program code recorded on a recording medium for controlling the operation of a data processing apparatus on which the program code executes to perform a method for recovering a data repository from a failure affecting a primary copy of the data repository, for use with a data processing apparatus having a secondary data storage and having a component for maintaining a secondary copy of data in the secondary data storage which secondary copy is sufficient to recover the primary copy of the data repository and data items held thereon, the method including the steps of:

in response to a failure affecting the primary copy of the data repository, recreating a primary copy of the data repository from the secondary copy; [[and]]

using a restore process to restore data items to the primary copy from the secondary copy within a recovery unit of work, wherein data items restored to the primary copy of the data repository within the recovery unit of work are made inaccessible to processes other than the restore process until commit of the recovery unit of work;

prior to commit of the recovery unit of work, configuring the primary copy of the data repository to enable addition of data items to the data repository independent of said restore step and to enable processes other than the restore process to retrieve said independently added data items; and

in response to successful completion of the restore step, committing the recovery unit of work including releasing said inaccessibility of the restored data.

16 A computer program for controlling the operation of a data processing apparatus on which the program executes to perform a method for recovering a data repository from a failure affecting a primary copy of the data repository, wherein the data processing apparatus has a secondary data storage area and wherein the computer program includes a component for maintaining a secondary copy of data in the secondary data storage area which secondary copy is sufficient to recover the primary copy of the data repository and data items held thereon, the method including the steps of:

in response to a failure affecting the primary copy of the data repository, recreating a primary copy of the data repository from the secondary copy; and

using a restore process to restore data items to the primary copy from the secondary copy within a recovery unit of work, wherein data items restored to the primary copy of the data repository within the recovery unit of work are made inaccessible to processes other than the restore process until commit of the recovery unit of work;

prior to commit of the recovery unit of work, configuring the primary copy of the data repository to enable addition of data items to the data repository independent of said restore step and to enable processes other than the restore process to access said independently added data items.